

- Exams allow you to demonstrate your knowledge and understanding of your subject
- Exams allow you to demonstrate your ability to apply concepts to new situations
- Exams allow you to demonstrate your creative and analytical skills

What's the secret of success?

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#### **BEING PREPARED!**

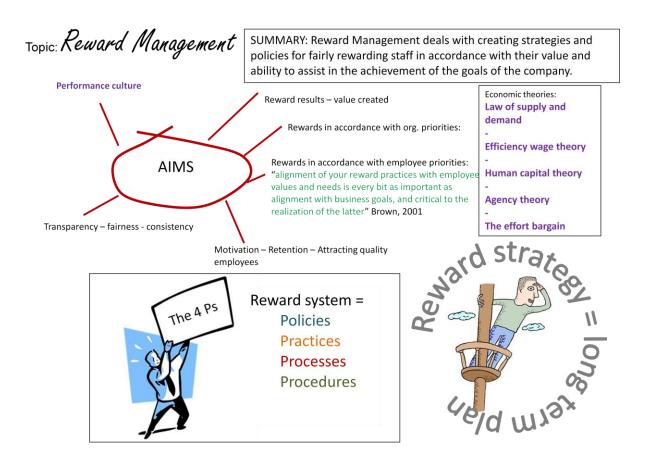
Rather than reading things through – try using some active revision techniques either on your own or in a group. These will help you to process and remember information to use in the exam.

Examples of active revision - on your own



- Rewriting notes from lectures summarising info
- Making notes from texts & further reading
- Mind maps/visual aids
- Working through problems/examples/ sample questions
- Making up your own exam paper

Use the notes you have written in lectures and in preparation for essays for revision. You might use some of the techniques below:



#### Examples of active revision - in a group

- Have a focused debate
- Testing each other
- Marking each other's practice exams
- Swapping made-up exam papers



But I have a terrible memory!

- Exams aren't a memory test
- You won't see a question that says "Write down everything you know about..."
- Instead they are assessing your understanding, ability to apply what you have learned and your analytical/critical skills

However some things you will need to memorise – instead of trying to cram everything into your head try carefully selecting information to memorise that will be useful in the exam.

#### **Things to Memorise**

- Definitions of key terms
- · Short quotes and sources
- Examples to illustrate topics

#### **How to Memorise**

- Reciting information to yourself (talking to yourself aids memory)
- Revision cards (small pieces of information that will jog your memory)
- Mnemonics (taking the first letter of each word of a phrase or list of items and constructing a new phrase that you will remember. For example: You have to remember this list: strategic, creative, encouraging, analytical, purposeful so you use the letters SCEAP to construct: Some Caterpillars Eat Around Penguins)
- Memory journey (You place things that you have to remember in a familiar place or journey you make every day and then think through this journey or place in the exam aid memory recall)



Research the exam structure

Look at past papers to find out types of question, mark weighting, times allowed

- Check learning outcomes for units
- Look for exam advice in course handbook
- Check marking schemes





I always leave it to the last minute, help!

#### Just a few days to go...

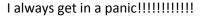
- Distil your notes to cards with single words
- Get someone to test you
- Plan an exam strategy

#### If you haven't started yet...

- Accept the time you have
- Don't waste time over-planning
- Test others

#### In the run-up to the exam...

- Plan your revision time where will you revise, what time of day?
- Don't revise for too long each day
- Allow yourself rewards to motivate yourself!
- Try some relaxation techniques or do some physical exercise
- Exams are a test of your abilities make sure you are rested enough to be able to demonstrate those abilities



#### You need an exam strategy:

Each strategy has its own advantages and disadvantages you need to find the one that works best for you

- Answering the most difficult question first
- Answering the short fact-based questions first
- Planning each answer before you start writing
- Leaving any question you don't understand until last

#### **Short Questions**

- Number of marks suggests how many points you need to make
- Two part questions
- If you don't know something, don't worry guess!

#### **Essays Questions**

For essays there is a four part process, which will help you to produce a coherent and well argued answer:

1) Interpretation (think carefully about what the question is asking you)2) Planning (write a mini

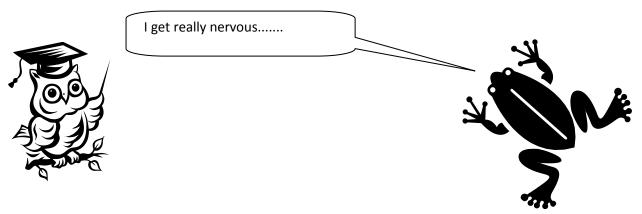








plan before you start to write)3) Writing (take your time to write clearly and follow your plan) 4) Checking (allow yourself a couple of minutes at the end to check that your essay does answer the question and has not become unfocused)



Nerves/anxiety are caused by too much of the hormone adrenaline being released

Symptoms are: sweaty palms, fast heart-rate, dry mouth, nausea

**But also adrenaline can have some positive effects:** sharper eye-sight, faster brain function, extra energy

#### Solutions in the exam room:

- Sweaty palms little bit of talc before the exam, breathing exercise, gentle arm exercises, avoid caffeine
- Fast heart-rate gentle breathing and shoulder exercises (see our nerves handout)
- Dry mouth mints, water, gently biting inside of your cheeks
- Nausea mint tea, mints, gentle breathing exercise